Situation on the existence of orthoepy in sub-Saharan Africa

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PLAN

• Definitions
• Missions
• Fields of competences
• Context
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DEFINITION 1/2

- **Orthoepy** = discipline of health
  - prevention,
  - evaluation,
  - treatment and
  - scientific study

- disorders of the voice, food, word, oral and written language and other forms of communication, in the child, the adult and the old person.
DEFINITION 2/2

• The speech therapist = profession with the crossroads of
  ✓ medicine,
  ✓ psychology,
  ✓ linguistics,
• pedagogy
MISSIONS

• Mission of diagnosis and care

• Mission of prevention and medical education

• Mission of teaching, research and fight against illiteracy
• **Formation** in Togo with the ENAM: only school of under area

• **Formed promotions**: 3

• **Countries concerned**: Togo, Benign, Burkina Faso, Côte.d'ivoire, Congo and Gabon

• **NB**: after six working years it is a question of giving the a report on the places
CONTEXT 2/2

• Which place occupies orthoepy in the total assumption of responsibility of the people in situation of handicap in terms of care of readjustment?

• Is what the orthoepic practice improved the care of readjustment offered to the people in situation of handicap?

• Today, is orthoepy significant and must it be accessible at all the communities?
OBJECTIVES

• The general objective is to make known and to promote the orthoepic practices in sub-Saharan Africa

• To evaluate the orthoepic impact of the practices and quality of care of readjustment offered in Africa.

• To show the place of orthoepy in the therapeutic assumption of responsibility of the handicapped people.
MATERIAL

• **Study:** descriptive

• **Questionnaire on:**
  • Knowledge of orthoepy
  • Advantages of orthoepy
  • Importance of orthoepy
  • Promotion of the speech therapist

• **Profit population:** 78 inquired

• **Implied countries:** Togo, Benign, Burkina Faso, Côte.d'Ivoire, Congo and Gabon,
METHODS

• Criterion of inclusion: to have received its formation with the ENAM and to be in a country where a speech therapist trained with the ENAM exerts

• Development of a questionnaire

• Tender by Internet

• Data acquisition

• Treatment and Analyzes data
RESULTS 1/4

GENERAL INFORMATION

• New born in French-speaking Africa sub-Saharan

• Ignored even DOCTORS PRESCRIBERS

• The education of the entourage

• Change of glance of attitudes and behavior.

• The adhesion and will of the administrative authorities of the various countries.
RESULTS 2/4

- Provision of a mean of communication
- To reinforce the social and interactive aspect treatment
- More or less complete catch of load
- Possibility of expressing themselves and of making known its opinion
- Abandonment of the infantilisation
- Covering of the authority and conservation of the weakened hearths
RESULTS 3/4

• Insertion socio-professional in spite of the after-effects of the members

• people aphasics,
• dysarthric,
• dyslexiacs and
• people who bégaien
RESULTS 4/4

• Is orthoepy significant and must it be accessible at all the communities?
  • YES.
  ◆ Reinforcement of the readjustment
  ◆ Force reintegration
  ◆ Family
  ◆ Social
• Professional
CONCLUSION 1/2
POPULARIZATION AND PROMOTION

• Technical support of the FATO especially of President Masse NIANG for eminent creation of an organization under regional of the Speech therapists

• Sensitizing, information,

• Plea for the formation in all the countries

• Integration of the speech therapists to the various programs of the readjustment
CONCLUSION 2/3
possibility of the remote PEC

• Pathologies:

• Stammering

• In the child: 2 years at 5 – 6 years TO RECOMMEND

• In the young child and the adult: as from 7 years

• Early education:

• Delay of language: children from 0 to 3 years without language
CONCLUSION 3/3

• Force of is noted that in spite of its contributions, orthoepy remains ignored population and even of the medical profession which is the prescriber.

• The place of orthoepy remains considerable and essential to surmount the obstacles with the development of the readjustment in order to work out good practices for the national plans.